Accepted name: *Dendrochilum krauseanum* Schltr., Orchis 4: 106 (1910)

Subgenus – *Platyclinis*.

**Synonyms**

None

**Origin in the Wild**

Sumatra

**Elevation in the Wild**

1,600 metres

**Habitat in the Wild**

It is not known exactly where this species was collected from although it is known that this species was collected from the Tapanuli area.

**The Plants Description**

Pseudobulbs cluster along a short rhizome and are a narrowly ovoid shape or terete. Pseudobulbs measure 4cm long and 1.2cm in diameter. Leaves are petiolate. Leaf blades are a narrowly lanceolate shape and have subacute apices. Leaf blades measure 9cm long and 1.5cm wide.

**The Inflorescence**

Inflorescences are synanthous and grow at the same time as the leaves. Inflorescences measure 24cm long and are curved and nodding. Flowers alternate distichously.

**The Flowers**

Dorsal sepals are a lanceolate shape and have acuminite apices. Dorsal sepals measure 8mm long. The margins and veining are not recorded. Lateral sepals are an oblique-lanceolate shape and have acuminate apices. Lateral sepals measure 8mm long. The margins and veining are not recorded. Petals are an obliquely narrowly lanceolate shape and have acute apices. Petals measure 8mm long. The margins and veining are not recorded. Labella are 3-lobed. Side lobes are a linear shape and have acute apices, the upper margins are dentate. Mid-lobes are clawed basally, a broadly ovate shape and have apiculate apices. There are 2 keels that emerge from the base and terminate halfway along the labellum. Columns measure 4mm long. Apical hoods have truncate apices with dentate margins. Stelidia grow from the middle of the column and are equal to the column apex. Stelidia are a linear-falcate shape.

**Herbarium Specimens**

**Holotype**

I could not locate the specimen

**Other herbarium specimens**
AMES

**Specimen 98775** (drawing of the type)

Royal Botanic Gardens Kew (K)

**Specimen 56043.000**

**Scent**

I could find no record

**Flowering Season**

Flowering specimens were collected in the wild during January and September.

**Culture**

There are a couple of cultivated plants in Indonesia. I do not believe it exists in cultivation outside of Indonesia.

**Similar Species**

*Dendrochilum longifolium*

*Dendrochilum megalanthum*

**Other Information**

J.J. Smith wrote that this species is similar with *Dendrochilum longifolium* but differs because it has dentate margins on the side lobes and the shape of the side lobe is distinct.

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Schlechter’s illustration
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Reference –

COMBER, J.B. Orchids of Sumatra, 2001, Royal Botanic Gardens Kew